

Response Safety Grid	Structure or other fires	Fire Investigations	Natural gas leaks	CO with symptoms	Vehicle accidents with injuries, extrication, fires or spills	Downed power lines and energized equipment	Ice/Water Rescue	Pandemic EMS assistance	RTF - Elm Grove incident
Response guideline	emergent until down graded	emergent unless downgraded by Command	emergent unless downgraded by Command	emergent unless downgraded by Command	emergent unless downgraded by Command	emergent unless downgraded by Command	emergent until down graded	emergent unless downgraded by Command	emergent to the Station and standby for instructions
Situational Awareness	read the smoke and fire, Crew integrity,		obtain wind direction and speed, approach from up wind if possible, consider evacuation		block traffic with apparatus and create a taper wear vest and helmet, don't turn back on traffic out of safety zone		for a safe approach, read the ice/water conditions and spot victims		When responding do not drive past or thru the incident
Resources	Working Still on Box 24-12 followed by Box 24-12 to the Box Alarm Level		notify WE Energies	notify WE Energies		notify WE Energies	Box Alarm 24-16	Box Alarm 24-39 if the criteria is met, i.e. out of ambulances	Box 24-38 Chief take the operations Board next to the RTF Gear bags
Turnout Gear - pants, boots, coat, hood, helmet, gloves, safety vest, ear and eye protection, gut belt, escape kit	full PPE with no safety vest	full PPE with no vest	full PPE with no safety vest	full PPE with no safety vest	full PPE with safety vest and helmet with chin strapped	full PPE with no safety vest	PFD under turnout gear when operating near the water	full PPE with no safety vest, unless instructed to wear a gown or other protective garment	full PPE with no safety vest. All of the RTF gear should be placed on 2461
SCBA - MSA G1 with integrated TIC in jump seats	on air during suppression, overhaul and when in products of combustion are present from off gassing	worn for an investigation	on air when readings are	on air when CO readings are	on air during suppression, overhaul and when in products of combustion or an hazardous atmosphere	worn if powerlines are on a structure or vehicle		May be required to where full PPE, or gown, SCBA/on air and gloves	Depends on the incident assingment
Radios - Whenever possible each member on a scene should have a portable radio.	fireground talkgroup is 8TACRED. If in peral transmit a MAYDAY and report UCAN - your Unit, what are the Conditions, what Actions are you taking, and what are your Need		Do not key radios, flip light switches or create a static spark when in the explosive range. Stay clear of potential blast pathways				Fire ground operations on 8TACRED and the use of hand signals for communication	Fire ground operations on 8TACRED	Fire ground operations may be assigned to an 8TAC or other talkgroup

Flashlights - each member is issued a flashlight. Use the flashing strobe in case of being trapped etc.	used to identify exit points for operating interior crews						For night time operations use the portable light from 2481 and rig scene lights		
Sensit 4 gas meter on 81, 61 and 71 - used to monitor LEL, CO, O2 and HCN	monitor the atmosphere for HCN in overhaul. HCN can cause disorientation and cardiac issues.	taken in for the investigation	taken in for the investigation	taken in for the investigation. For levels above....ppm evacuate the structure					
V-Watch - hold out in front by the cord chest high	used by Safety Officer to identify energized lines and equipment				used when energized lines or equipment are involved	used to identify energized lines and equipment. Downed broken powerlines can dance their full broken length from the pole			
TIC - take spare battery - use a 6 sided scan in structures for victim location, fire flow, hot spots, liquids in containers	used by Operations, Safety and Crews to identify	taken in for the investigation	used to see a gas plume	used to locate any victims and hot appliances	used to locate hot spots and ejected victims	used to identify hot lines and equipment	used to locate victims in the dark	may taken in for the investigation	may be taken in for the investigation
Stat-x - used for enclosed fire in and area 10ftx10ftx8ft. Do not use near a victim	used by first arriving Police Officer or Chief				used by first arriving Police Officer or Chief	used Police arriving enroute Chief			
Drychem. Exting. - used to extinguish class A, B and C type fires, prior to water/foam application	used by first arriving Police Officer or Chief, used by crews for	taken in for the investigation			used by first arriving Police Officer or Chief				
Strobe lights - 2481 and Chiefs	used to mark incident hazards				used to mark a helicopter landing zone	used enroute to mark incident hazards			
Traffic cones -	MPOs set cones if there is a traffic issue	MPOs set cones if there is a traffic issue	MPOs set cones if there is a traffic issue		used to create a taper and work zone				
Hearing protection - used to protect hearing while using high level noise equipment and operations	wear hearing protection when using saws				wear hearing protection when operating high noise tools				dependent on the situation

Eye Protection - used to protect eyes in when operating without a facepiece when exposed to flying debris	wear eye protection when using saws				wear eye protection onscene			wear eye protection onscene if not in SCBA with facepiece	wear eye protection onscene
Decon - the process used at an incident to clean turnout gear and equipment of contaminants before returning to the station. Use wipes on exposed skin	decon. Per Command/Operation or Officer-in-charge				decon. Per Command/Operation or Officer-in-charge			decon. Per Command/Operation or Officer-in-charge	decon. Per Command/Operation or Officer-in-charge

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